

Show work!

- Solve the inequality $|2x + 5| > 1$ and plot the region on the number line. Remember both sides.

- Give an equation for the line perpendicular to the line that goes through $(0,1)$ and $(3,2)$.
This perpendicular line should go through $(0,1)$.

- Simplify and then evaluate the limit: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2(x^2-4)}{x-2} + 1$

- Use the identity $\sin(A + B) = \sin(A)\cos(B) + \cos(A)\sin(B)$ to evaluate $\sin(\frac{5\pi}{12})$.