

6.3 10, 16, 36

10

$$\vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$

$$\lambda = -2 \pm 3i$$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} +i \\ -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha = -2, \quad \beta = 3$$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{x}_1(t) &= e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t \vec{P} - e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t \vec{Q} \\ \vec{x}_2(t) &= e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t \vec{P} + e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t \vec{Q} \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = c_1 \vec{x}_1(t) + c_2 \vec{x}_2(t)$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = c_1 e^{-2t} \begin{bmatrix} -\sin 3t \\ \cos 3t \end{bmatrix} + c_2 e^{-2t} \begin{bmatrix} \cos 3t \\ \sin 3t \end{bmatrix}$$

16

$$\vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x} \quad x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = -1 + i$$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 + i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha = -1 \quad \beta = 1$$

$$\vec{x}_1 = e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t P - e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t Q$$

$$\vec{x}_2 = e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t P + e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t Q$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = c_1 \vec{x}_1 + c_2 \vec{x}_2$$

$$x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x(t) = e^{-t} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \cos t - 10 \sin t \\ -5 \sin t \end{bmatrix}$$

36

$$\vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}, \quad \vec{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0 \\ \vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2, \lambda_3 = \pm i\sqrt{2} \\ \vec{v}_{2,3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \pm i\sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

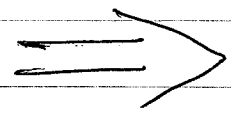
$$\vec{x}_1(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}_2(t) = \cos\sqrt{2}t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \sqrt{2} \sin\sqrt{2}t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}_3(t) = \sin\sqrt{2}t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \sqrt{2} \cos\sqrt{2}t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \\ \sqrt{2}/2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\vec{x}(t) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2} t \\ -\sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2} t \\ \cos \sqrt{2} t \end{bmatrix} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \sin \sqrt{2} t \\ \sqrt{2} \cos \sqrt{2} t \\ \sin \sqrt{2} t \end{bmatrix}$$

6.4 3, 5, 17

3

$$\vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$

$$\lambda = -2, -2$$

$$\vec{v}_1 \neq \vec{v}_2$$

ASYMPTOTICALLY STABLE

STAR NODE

5

$$\vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$

$$\lambda = 1, 5$$

UNSTABLE NODE

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$$\vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$

$$p(\lambda) = (\lambda - k)(\lambda + 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda = k, -1$$

(a)  $k \in (-\infty, 1) \Rightarrow (0, 0)$  ASYMPTOTICALLY STABLE

NONDEGENERATE NODE

(b)  $k = -1 \Rightarrow (0, 0)$  ASYMPTOTICALLY STABLE

STAR NODE

(c)  $k \in (-1, 0) \Rightarrow (0, 0)$  ASYMPTOTICALLY STABLE

NONDEGENERATE NODE

(d)  $k = 0 \Rightarrow$  A singular

x-axis EQUILIBRIUM (STABLE)

(e)  $k \in (0, \infty) \Rightarrow (0, 0)$  UNSTABLE SADDLE

POINT