Homework set 10 — APPM5440

From the textbook: 4.5a, 4.6, 5.1, 5.3.

Note: Problems 3, 4, and 5 are slightly outside the "core" curriculum. Make sure you understand the previous problems before spending time on them.

Problem 1: Set $X = \mathbb{R}^n$, $Y = \mathbb{R}^m$, and let $A \in \mathcal{B}(X, Y)$. Let

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\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix}
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denote the representation of A in the standard basis. Equip X and Y with the supremum norms. Compute ||A||.

Problem 2: Set $X = \mathbb{R}^2$ and $Y = \mathbb{R}$, and define $f: X \to Y$ by setting $f([x_1, x_2]) = x_1$. Prove that f is continuous. Prove that f is open. Prove that f does not necessarily map close sets to close sets.

Problem 3: Prove that the co-finite topology is first countable if and only if X is countable.

Problem 4: Prove that the co-finite topology on \mathbb{R} weaker than the standard topology.

Problem 5: Consider the set $X = \mathbb{R}$. Let S denote the collection of sets of the form $(-\infty, a]$ or (a, ∞) for $a \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Let \mathcal{B} denote the collection of sets obtained by taking finite intersections of sets in \mathcal{S} . Prove that if $G \in \mathcal{B}$, then either G is empty, or G = (a, b] for some a and b such that $-\infty < a < b < \infty$.
- (b) Let \mathcal{T} denote the topology generated by the base \mathcal{B} . Prove that all sets in \mathcal{B} are both open and closed in \mathcal{T} .
- (c) Prove that \mathcal{T} is first countable but not second countable. Hint: For any $x \in X$, any neighborhood base at x contains at least one set whose supremum is x.
- (d) Prove that \mathbb{Q} is dense in \mathcal{T} . (This proves that (X, \mathcal{T}) is separable but not second countable.)
- (e) Prove that (X, \mathcal{T}) is not metrizable.